INSTALLATION AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS
Electronic Side Load Lock
ALP200H-YD30 COBALT V1.5
NOTICES

Please ensure you read all instructions!

- WARNING - Live parts inside.
- WARNING - The handling and installation of this device is recommended for a professional.
- WARNING - Use of an unsuitable power supply unit may cause product failure or injury.
- WARNING - Do not remove the cover or face plate.
- WARNING - Ensure installation does not expose sharp edges of the product to users.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference.
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential, commercial, or industrial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

Modifications: Any modifications made to this device that are not approved by the manufacturer may void the authority granted to the user by the FCC to operate this equipment.

BQT Solutions (SEA) Pte. Limited, 41B Neil Road, #03-01, Singapore, 088824
EN 14846:2008 Reference Number DoPYD30
Notified Body 0905 Suitable for use on fire and/or smoke control doors

Characteristics

| 3 | Y | 9 | F | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1/3* |

Declaration of Performance and Declaration of Conformity are available at www.bqtsolutions.com

*The product meets the requirements of class 3 for position 9 “Security – Electrical Manipulation” when set to “Fail Secure” mode, and only meets the requirements for class 1 when set to “Fail Safe” mode.

In the European Union, Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein: This symbol on the product, or in the manual and in the warranty, and/or on its packaging indicates that this product shall not be treated as household waste. Instead it should be taken to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring this product is disposed of correctly, you will help to prevent potential negative consequences to the environment and human health, which could otherwise be caused by inappropriate handling of this product.

In Countries Outside the European Union, Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein: If you wish to dispose of this product please contact your local authorities and ask for the correct way of disposal.

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The Cobalt is designed by BQT Solutions (SEA) Pte. Limited and manufactured by BQT Solutions (NZ) Limited in New Zealand.

For more information and contact details please visit,

www.alpro.co.uk
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1. DESCRIPTION

The Cobalt is a motor driven low voltage electric lock designed to secure commercial and residential swing through doors. It is supplied with a matching strike plate and can be surface mounted with the aid of available accessories, or installed into a mortise for a concealed solution. The lock has been designed to address the two biggest issues in concealed electric locking today:

1. The ability to ‘pull’ a door into alignment even if the door has not closed in a central position.
2. The ability to release when requested even if there is excessive load on the door.

The design of the Cobalt is unique as it has two motors which independently operate two locking pins. These dual bolt pins offer extra strength but more importantly ensure the door can be secured even when the door has not closed in the correct position. This is achieved by the lock sensing which direction the door is closing from and activating the appropriate bolt pin to ‘grab’ the door and pull it into alignment before the other bolt pin activates. A door that is 8mm off alignment in either direction (16mm total window) will be secured with the Cobalt.

With the door secured and locked the Cobalt can be given an unlock signal and it will instantly unlock. If the door is loaded (pre-load) when the unlock signal is given the Cobalt will still unlock, even with loads in excess of 100Kg on the door. Critically the ability of the Cobalt to instantly release with excessive pre-load on the door even occurs in the event of a power failure if the lock is configured as fail safe.

Additional features of the Cobalt are;

- Multi-voltage input (12-24VDC)
- Very low current consumption
- Door position and Bolt position monitors
- High physical strength – 10,000N holding force
- Fail safe / fail secure on site conversion with the re-positioning of a single jumper

2. PRODUCT UNBOXED

Along with the Cobalt and matching strike there are also four 10G Self Tapping Screws and eight M5 Machine Screws supplied. Four fitting tabs are also enclosed and can be used in conjunction with the M5 screws for recessing the lock or strike plate to metal doors and frames.

The 7-way wire loom supplied is used to ease installation as the wiring can be done without the lock being installed until the very end.
3. DIMENSIONS

The dimensions shown (in millimetres) are approximate and are subject to change without prior notice.

### 3.1. Lock

![Lock Dimensions Diagram]

### 3.2. Strike Plate

![Strike Plate Dimensions Diagram]

### 3.3. Fitting Tab

![Fitting Tab Dimensions Diagram]

### 3.4. Housing

*Available separately*

![Housing Dimensions Diagram]

### 3.5. Dress Plate

*Available separately*

![Dress Plate Dimensions Diagram]
4. PRE-INSTALLATION ASSESSMENT

Care should be taken to refer to Section 9 - Maintenance and Inspection before proceeding with the installation.

4.1. Mechanical

The first decision regarding installation is whether the Cobalt will be mortised or surface mounted to the door / door frame. Mortise installation ensures a discrete solution as the lock and strike plate can be embedded into the door and frame, however in some instances this is not possible. Glass doors for example require surface mounting which is done with the aid of the YD30 housing. Whichever method is chosen it is important that the lock and strike plate are aligned correctly. The strike plate has two openings to accept the dual bolt pins and centring these openings with the bolt pins will ensure correct operation.

The Cobalt can be installed vertically or horizontally but is not designed to be mounted in a floor cavity firing upwards or in a wet environment.

4.2. Electrical

The first consideration is to establish where to run the wires and decide on what feedback is required from the lock. There are a total of seven available connections; three are compulsory power connections whilst the remaining four provide optional door and bolt position feedback. These optional connections can be integrated into access control or alarm systems to provide full monitoring.

The correct gauge of wire needs to be chosen as voltage drop across the power wires (+ and -) can limit the locks operation. For all the remaining connections, a lower gauge wire can be used as these are only signal wires. The following chart shows the maximum distance that the power supply can be away from the lock, assuming the power supplies output 12VDC or 24VDC:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AWG</th>
<th>AREA (MM²)</th>
<th>12VDC</th>
<th>24VDC</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>0.33</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>0.52</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>77</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>0.82</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>1.31</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>195</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>2.08</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>310</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. INSTALLATION

Two installation examples are detailed on the following pages; mortise and surface, however any combination of the two can be achieved. Whichever installation method is chosen it is vital to ensure that the lock face plate and the strike plate align correctly and the gap between the lock face plate and strike plate does not exceed 7mm when the door is closed.

5.1. Mortise Installation

A typical mortise installation is described on the following page, with the lock fitted into the door frame and the strike plate secured into the door. It is possible to install the lock into the door and the strike plate into the frame however with this method running wiring to the lock requires additional work.
5.1.1. Cutting the mortises

Referring to the dimension drawings in Section 3 - Dimensions; mortises are cut into the door and door frame suitable to fit the strike plate and lock. Wooden doors and frames require full mortises where metal doors and frames, being hollow, often only require a single rectangle cut-out to accommodate the lock face plate or strike plate. For these installations the supplied fitting tabs can be used to secure the lock and strike plate in place.

The mortise behind the lock body needs to have enough space to accommodate the wire connections.

5.1.2. Wiring the lock

Wires are run from the power supply to the lock. A hole needs to be drilled in the back of the mortise to bring the wires out and a connection can be made to the supplied wire loom which in turn plugs into the lock. The jumper needs to be positioned for fail safe / fail secure configuration as per the instructions on the lock cover.

The Red, Black and Blue wires are essential connections whilst the Violet and White are optional. Detailed wiring instructions can be found in Section 6 - Wiring.

5.1.3. Fitting the lock and strike plate

The lock is slid back into the mortise, making sure that the wiring integrity is maintained and secure in place with the supplied 10G self-tapping screws.

Before the strike plate is installed the fitting tabs are secured in behind the cut-out using the supplied M5 machine screws. The strike plate is then placed into the cut out and the remaining M5 screws are used to secure it.
5.1.4. Checking the operation

With the lock and strike installed and wiring complete the door is closed to check the alignment and operation. The key area for alignment is the bolt pins; the pins are designed to touch the leading edge of the strike plate hole to pull the door in, but they cannot be allowed to touch the sides of the hole as this will limit their unlocking ability. If they rub or touch the side of the strike plate hole, either the lock or strike plate needs to be re-positioned.

5.2. Surface Installation

By using a YD30 housing, the lock and/or strike plate can be surface mounted to the door or door frame eliminating the need for cutting mortises. Housings are available with adhesive tape supplied for easy application to glass doors in addition to having screw hole mounting points for wood and metal doors.

5.2.1. Securing the lock housing to wood

Two 10G x 1” hex head self-tapping screws are supplied with the housing and can be screwed into the wood door frame. The housing has two keyhole cut outs that fit over the screw heads and once the housing is in place the screws can be tightened with a spanner.

5.2.2. Wiring the lock

The wires will need to be run into the housing to connect to the lock. The position of the hole is determined at installation time by finding exactly where the wiring will enter the housing, and drill an 8mm hole through the housing wall. The housing is supplied with one grommet, which can be pushed into the drilled hole to protect the wires from the sharp edge of the hole.

The Red, Black and Blue wires are essential connections whilst the Violet and White are optional. Detailed wiring instructions can be found in Section 6 - Wiring.
5.2.3. Fitting the lock into the housing

The jumper next to the connector on the lock needs to be positioned for fail safe or fail secure configuration as per the directions on the lock cover. The 7-way wire loom should be attached to the wiring protruding from the housing and plugged into the lock. The lock should then be slid into the housing and secured in place with the supplied M5 machine screws. Make sure that the wiring integrity is maintained as the lock is screwed in place.

5.2.4. Fitting the strike plate housing to glass

For simple application to glass the YD30 housing is supplied with self-adhesive tape. With the backing removed the housing can be applied directly to the glass. A flat stainless steel dress plate is fitted on the opposite side of the glass to give a clean finish. The protective coating on the dress plate can be removed once it is in place.

5.2.5. Fitting the strike plate into the housing

The strike plate is placed into the housing and secured in place with the supplied M5 machine screws.

5.2.6. Checking the operation

With the lock and strike installed and wiring complete the door is closed to check the alignment and operation. The key area for alignment is the bolt pins; the pins are designed to touch the leading edge of the strike plate hole to pull the door in, but they cannot be allowed to touch the sides of the hole as this will limit the unlocking ability. If they rub or touch the side of the strike plate hole, either the lock or strike plate needs to be re-positioned.
6. WIRING

The Cobalt is supplied with a 7-way wire loom that plugs directly into the lock. **The wires are colour coded with the three Power wires being essential connections and four Position Switch connections optional.** Control of the lock is achieved by using the three power wires, whilst door and bolt position monitoring are available when desired. Connect the Cobalt as per the chart:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Colour</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Connection</th>
<th>Voltage (V)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>RED</td>
<td>Positive +</td>
<td>Positive connection to DC power supply</td>
<td>12 – 24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLACK</td>
<td>Negative -</td>
<td>Negative connection to DC power supply</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLUE</td>
<td>Control</td>
<td>Switched positive control input</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VIOLET</td>
<td>Bolt Position Switch</td>
<td>Normally open contact (NO), closed when the bolt pins are extended</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHITE</td>
<td>Door Position Switch</td>
<td>Normally open contact (NO), closed when the strike is aligned with the lock</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.1. Fail Safe Connection

When wiring the Cobalt, the positive voltage is connected to **RED**, negative is connected to **BLACK** and a switched positive voltage wire connected to **BLUE**. In Fail Safe configuration applying voltage to the Cobalt signals it to lock. The lock signal in Fail Safe configuration is active high.

### 6.2. Fail Secure Connection

When wiring the Cobalt, the positive voltage is connected to **RED**, negative is connected to **BLACK** and a switched positive voltage wire connected to **BLUE**. In Fail Secure configuration applying voltage to the Cobalt signals it to unlock. The lock signal in Fail Secure configuration is active low.
6.3. Jumper position

The fail mode of the Cobalt is factory set as Fail Safe, i.e. in the event of a power cut the Cobalt will unlock. Before the lock is installed this can be changed to Fail Secure by repositioning the jumper located next to the 7-way plug on the end of the lock. Select the desired jumper location as indicated:

Jumper in **Fail Safe** position.  

Jumper in **Fail Secure** position.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fail Safe</th>
<th>Fail Unlocked</th>
<th>Power To Lock</th>
<th>PTL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fail Secure</td>
<td>Fail Locked</td>
<td>Power To Open</td>
<td>PTO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. OPERATION

7.1. Fail Safe Operation

Assume the lock is installed and wired, the door is open and there is voltage applied to the BLUE wire. As the door closes the Cobalt senses the door approaching and activates the appropriate bolt pin to pull the door into centre alignment. Once the first bolt pin has fully extended, the second bolt pin activates and drives to its full extension. If the door closes to a centre aligned position quickly then both bolt pins activate at the same time rather than one leading the other. The Bolt Position and Door Position monitors will have changed state as the door is moved into place and secured.

To unlock the door, voltage is removed from the BLUE wire. The Cobalt will immediately release and will do so even when significant load is being applied to the door. With the door now open the Bolt Position and Door Position monitors change state again. The Cobalt will remain unlocked as long as the door is open but will instantly re-lock when voltage is applied to the BLUE wire and the door is closed.

In the event of a power failure, the Cobalt unlocks.

7.2. Fail Secure Operation

Assume the lock is installed and wired, the door is open and voltage is removed from the BLUE wire. As the door closes the Cobalt senses the door approaching and activates the appropriate bolt pin to pull the door into centre alignment. Once the first bolt pin has fully extended, the second bolt pin activates and drives to its full extension. If the door closes to a centre aligned position quickly then both bolt pins activate at the same time rather than one leading the other. The Bolt Position and Door Position monitors will have changed state as the door is moved into place and secured.

To unlock the door, voltage is applied to the BLUE wire. The Cobalt will immediately release and will do so even when significant load is being applied to the door. With the door now open the Bolt Position and Door Position monitors change state again. The Cobalt will remain unlocked as long as the door is open but will instantly re-lock when voltage is removed from the BLUE wire and the door is closed.

In the event of a power failure, the Cobalt locks if the door is closed.
8. SPECIFICATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MATERIALS</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bolt Pins</td>
<td>Stainless Steel (SS17-4PH), 10mm Thick, 13mm Extension (2 Pieces)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lock / Strike Plate</td>
<td>Stainless Steel (SS304), 3mm Thick</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MECHANICAL</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cycle Life</td>
<td>300,000 normal operations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Strike Gap</td>
<td>6mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Holding Force</td>
<td>10,000 newtons (1,000kg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Side Load Release</td>
<td>1,000 newtons (100kg)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Door Misalignment</td>
<td>±8mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ELECTRICAL</th>
<th></th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Voltage at Lock</td>
<td>12 – 24VDC ±15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Initial Power Up Time</td>
<td>11 seconds max, only after power has been removed for an extended period.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Usage</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standby Current</td>
<td>50mA@12V, 30mA@24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Current</td>
<td>1.0A@12V, 0.5A@24V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitor Switches</td>
<td>Bolt Position – 30VDC, 0.1A</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Door Position – 100VDC, 0.5A</td>
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<table>
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<th>CERTIFICATIONS</th>
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<tr>
<td>FCC</td>
<td>Title 47, Part 15, Subparts A &amp; B – Class B Device</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fire Test</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fire Rated for 30 / 60 minutes Timber / mineral composite doorsets</td>
<td>BS EN 1634-1:2014</td>
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<td>BS 476-22:1987</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fire Rated for 120 / 240 minutes Mineral E-Core doorsets</td>
<td>AS 1905-1:2005</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BS 476-22:1987</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fire Rated for 260 minutes Steel doorsets</td>
<td>EN 1634-1:2014</td>
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<td>BS EN 1634-1:2014</td>
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<td>CPR 305/2011</td>
<td>EN 14846:2008</td>
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<td></td>
<td>3 Y 9 F 0 0 1 1/3*</td>
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<td>EMC 2014/30/EU</td>
<td>EN 61000-6-1:2007</td>
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<td>EN 61000-6-3:2007+A1:2011</td>
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<tr>
<td>RoHS 2011/65/EU</td>
<td>RoHS 2 Compliant</td>
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</table>

*The product meets the requirements of class 3 for position 9 “Security – Electrical Manipulation” when set to “Fail Secure” mode, and only meets the requirements for class 1 when set to “Fail Safe” mode.

9. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

The Cobalt has been lubricated at assembly and applying any other type of lubricant may void the warranty. A dry cloth can be used to polish the stainless steel face plate and strike plate as required. This lock contains components that are subject to wear based on usage, doorway operation and installation; all such factors are beyond the control and measurement of the manufacturer. The lock may be vulnerable and subject to failure as a consequence of wear and as its components near the end of the period of normal usage.

It is the responsibility of the owner/end-user to:

a) Ensure that the lock is installed in accordance with the instructions set out in these guidelines.

b) Determine the suitability of this lock for the application intended and in particular when using this lock in critical applications such as on fire, high security, safety, or emergency exit doors.

c) Regularly inspect this lock in order to assess signs of wear and tear, and determine if the operation still conforms to the instructions set out in these guidelines.

d) Regularly inspect the lock and evaluate cycle life.

e) Determine when this lock should be replaced.